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RACING RULES

OF THE

MANITOBA TURF CLUB,

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

ADOPTED JUNE 22ND, 1888.

WINNIPEG:
RICHARDSON PRINT

OFFICERS
MANITOBA TURF CLUB.

1883.

PRESIDENT.
DAVID YOUNG.

VICE-PRESIDENT.
JAS. KERR, M. D.

SECRETARY-TREASURER.
ROBERT YOUNG.

DIRECTORS.

DAVID YOUNG.

JAS. KERR, M. D.

JOHN MACDONALD.

ACTON BURROWS.

SEOLEY BLANCHARD.

S. J. JACKSON, M. P. P.

ROBERT YOUNG.

ENGINEER.

J. W. HARRIS, C. E., D. L. S.

RACING RULES
OF THE
MANITOBA TURF CLUB.

RULE I.

All running races over the track of the MANITOBA TURF CLUB, shall be governed by the rules herein laid down and the rules of the National Trotting Association.

RULE II.

STEWARDS.

The Stewards, or other officers appointed, shall attend on the course, preserve order, clear the track, and exercise vigilance to prevent disorder, detect foul riding and other misconduct, and perform such other duties as the President or Executive Committee may assign to them.

RULE III.

SUPERINTENDENT.

The Superintendent shall, under the direction of the President or Executive Committee, exercise a general supervision and control over the grounds, stables, and other buildings of the Association, and shall have the track kept in condition, and his compensation shall be fixed by the Board of Directors. He shall prevent diseased animals from coming or remaining on the grounds. Persons wishing to train horses on the grounds of the Association, and use stables thereon, shall make application to the Superintendent to do so, who may, subject to the control of the President or Executive Committee, grant such permission and assign to such person stables to be used and occupied by him.

RULE IV.

PURSE ENTRIES—BY WHOM MADE.

Every entry for purses shall be in the name of the owner or controller of the horse, mare or gelding entered.

RULE V.

ONE HORSE TO START—EXCEPTIONS.

No two riders from the same stable shall be allowed to ride in the same race, except by special permission of the Judges. Nor shall more than one horse from any stable be allowed to start in the same race, unless it be a dash. Nor shall two or more horses owned in whole or part by the same person be allowed to start in the same race, unless it be a dash.

RULE VI.

JOCKEY DRESS.

Every owner or controller, before starting horses in races over the Association course, shall be required to report to the Secretary the colors in which his jockey will ride; but no one shall adopt the same combination of colors previously selected and reported by another. Persons making entries in *stakes* to be run over this course shall be required to designate the colors in which their jockeys will ride. The decla-

ration that a rider's dress will be *fancy* is not a proper designation of colors. Jockey's caps and jackets shall be made of silk, satin, merino or velvet, the pants *white*, of linen, cords, flannel or buckskin; and fair-top boots. For any violation of this rule a penalty of \$10.00 shall be assessed by the Judges, and the amount added to the racing fund of the Association.

RULE VII.

HORSE'S AGE.

A horse's age shall be reckoned from the 1st of January; that is to say, a horse foaled at any time in 1878 shall be reckoned as one year old on the 1st of January, 1879.

RULE VIII.

WEIGHTS TO BE CARRIED.

The following weights shall be carried in all races:

For two-year-olds, 105 pounds in stakes, and 85 pounds in purse races.

Three-year-olds, 115 pounds in stakes, and 103 pounds in purse races.

Four-year-olds, 115 pounds.

Five-year-olds and upwards, 120 pounds in all races; 5 pounds deduction for mares and fillies, and 3 pounds for geldings. in all races, unless otherwise specified; but no horse shall carry more than 5 pounds over-weight, unless by permission of the Judges. In all such cases the amount of over-weight shall be announced from the Judges' stand.

RULE IX.

FEATHER-WEIGHTS.

Feather-weights shall be considered 75 pounds.

RULE X.

WELTER-WEIGHTS.

Welter-weights shall be 28 pounds added to weight for age.

RULE XI.

MODE OF STARTING.

In every race over this course, the start shall be made by a starter and his assistant,

in the manner following : The horses shall be taken, say 30 yards behind the starting point in the positions assigned to them, and shall move up to the starting point. The signal for a start will be made by the starter dropping his flag, upon which his assistant, who is stationed about 30 yards in front of the starting point, shall drop his flag, which shall signify a start. In case of a false start, the assistant starter shall not drop his flag, which shall be the signal for a recall, when the same process shall be gone through until a start be effected. It shall be, however, within the power of the starter to give the signal for a start at any time when he finds the horses in position behind the starting point. Should any rider, while the start is being made, intentionally let his horse break away or otherwise wilfully delay the start, or in any way refuse to obey the orders of the starter or his assistant, he may be punished by a fine of \$10.00 for each offence, or ruled off the course. Unruly and vicious horses may be assigned any position at the start, deemed necessary by the starter, for

the safety of the other horses and riders. The starter may have the power to call an assistant to start an unruly horse. If any accident happen to a horse or rider at the start, the Judges may grant as much delay as they may think necessary.

RULE XII.

WEIGHING.

The Clerk of the Course shall see that each rider has his proper weight before the start, and that he has within two pounds of it after each heat. Weight shall not be made by wetting the blankets placed on or under the saddle. At the close of each heat every rider must repair with his horse to the Judge's stand and await their order to dismount; and no groom or other person shall be permitted to touch or cover any horse (unless to lead back a refractory horse, or the rider is disabled) until the rider shall have been dismounted by the Judges. The rider shall then repair to the scales, with his saddle, to be weighed. For any violation of this rule the horse involved

shall be declared distanced. ~~After~~ If thrown or taken by force from his horse after passing the winning-post, shall not be considered as having dismounted without permission of the Judges, and if disabled shall be taken to the Judges' stand to be weighed.

RULE XIII.

PLACING.

The position of all horses starting for stakes or club purses shall be determined by lot by the Judges. The winner of a heat shall at the ~~next start~~ have the inside position; the others shall take their positions on his right in the order in which they came out in the previous heat. In dash-races the judges shall only place three horses at the outcome

RULE XIV.

TIME BETWEEN HEATS.

The time between heats shall be twenty minutes for mile heats, thirty minutes for two mile heats, forty minutes for three-mile heats, and forty-five minutes for four-mile

heats, to be computed from the time the last horse passes the winning post.

RULE XV.

FOUL RIDING.

If a horse or rider shall cross, jostle, or strike another horse or rider, or do anything that impedes another horse, accidentally or not, it is foul riding, and the horse that impedes the other shall be adjudged distanced. And if the Judges are satisfied that the riding was intentionally foul, or that the rider was instructed so to ride, the party or parties so offending shall not be allowed to ride, enter, or attend a horse over this course in any race under the control of the Association. Although a leading horse is entitled to any part of the track, if he crosses from the right to the left, or from the inner to the outer side of the track, when a horse is so near him that in changing his position he compels the horse behind him to shorten his stride, or if he cause the rider to pull him out of his stride, it is foul riding. And if in passing a leading horse the track is taken

so soon after getting the lead as to cause the horse passed to shorten his stride, it is foul riding. All complaints of foul riding must be made before the horses start in another heat ; and if it happens in the last heat, then before the Judges leave the stand.

RULE XVI.

BOLTING.

If any horse shall run from the track into the field, he will be declared distanced, although he may come out ahead, unless he return and again enter the course at the point from which he swerved.

RULE XVII.

OF AIDS.

No person other than the rider shall be permitted to strike a horse, or attempt by shouting or otherwise to assist a horse in getting a start, or increase his speed in running any race. Nor shall any person stand in the track to point out a path for the rider, under a penalty of exclusion from the course for either offense ; and if such person

shall be the owner, trainer, or ~~rider~~ of such horse, or instigated to the act by either of the said persons, such horse shall be declared distanced.

RULE XVIII.

HORSES TO RUN A FAIR RACE.

Every horse started shall run a *bona fide* race. If any horse shall run to lose, the owner or trainer so offending shall be dealt with according to the rules of the National Trotting Association. No compromise or agreement between any two persons starting horses, or their agents or grooms, not to oppose each other, upon a promised division of the purse, shall be permitted; and no persons shall run their horses with a determination to oppose jointly any other horse in the race. In either case, upon satisfactory proof of such agreement, the Judges shall award the purse as shall be deemed best in their judgment.

RULE XIX.

WINNERS AND DEAD HEATS.

In the race *best two in three*, a horse that

wins two heats, or distances the field, wins the race. In the race *best three in five*, the horse that wins three heats or distances the field, wins the race. In a three-in-five race, any horse losing three heats after winning a heat, shall not be entitled to start again in the race. In heats best two in three, a horse not winning one of the two first heats shall not be allowed to start for a third heat; and in best three in five, a horse not winning one heat in the first three shall not be entitled to start for a fourth heat. When thus prohibited from starting, a horse shall not be deemed distanced, and all bets on his being distanced shall be void. A *dead heat* shall be considered a heat, except as against horses that make it. In case of a dead heat in a dash race the owners of the horses making the dead heat shall decide in ten minutes whether they will run it over or divide the purse. In a dead heat between two or more horses, the winning of the heat by any of them would have terminated the race, they only shall start for the next heat.

RULE XX.

DRAWING.

No person shall be permitted to draw or sell his horse during the race, except by permission of the Judges; under the penalty of expulsion. A drawn horse shall be considered distanced. *All horses entered for a purse-race shall be under the control of the judges from the time they are entered; for a stake, from the time the riders are weighed.* In both cases till the close of the race.

RULE XXI.

DISTANCE.

There shall be a Distance Judge, appointed by the President or Executive Committee, who shall repair to the Judges' stand after each heat and report the distanced horses and any foul riding, if any has been observed by them. A horse whose head reaches the distance as soon as the winner reaches the winning-post shall not be considered distanced. A horse who fails to bring in his proper weight or is ruled off for foul

riding is to be deemed distanced. The distance in a mile shall be fifty yards ; the distance in two miles shall be sixty yards ; the distance in three miles shall be eighty yards ; the distance in four miles shall be one hundred yards. In match races there shall be a distance, unless the contrary shall be expressly stipulated by the parties.

RULE XXII.

DECORUM.

If any owner, trainer, jockey or attendant of a horse use improper language to the Officers of the Club or Judges, he shall be expelled or suspended at the option of the Judges.

BETTING RULES.

IN FORCE FROM AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1, 1871.

These Betting Rules form no part of the laws of the Club, but they are published in this place for the convenience of those who wish to consult them, and are as published by the National Trotting Association.

No. 1. All pools and bets must follow the main stakes, purse, or other prize, as awarded by the decision of the Judges, except in cases where the horse that comes in first is found to be disqualified, or the bets are declared off for fraud or collusion.

No. 2. If the race is postponed, it shall not affect the pools or bets that may have been made on it. They shall stand until the race comes off, unless the contrary shall be agreed on between the parties betting; provided the race takes place within five

days of the time first named ; after which time all bets and pools are drawn, unless made play or pay.

No. 3. When any change is made in the conditions of a race, all pools and bets made previous to the announcement of the change shall be null and void.

No. 4. When a bet is made on one horse against the field, he must start or the bet is off, and the field is what starts against him ; but there is no field unless one start against him.

No. 5. In pools and betting, the pool stands good for all the horses that start in the race ; but for those horses that do not start the money must be returned to the purchaser.

No. 6. In races made play or pay, outside bets are not play or pay unless so made by the parties.

No. 7. All bets are void on the decease of either party, but in case a horse should die, play or pay bets made on him stand.

No. 8. If a bet is made on any number of straight heats, and there is a dead heat made, the heats are not straight, and the party betting on straight heats loses.

No. 9. If in any case the judges declare a heat null and void, it does not affect the bets as in case of a dead heat as to winning in straight heats.

No. 10. When a race is coming off, and a party bets that a heat will be made in two minutes and thirty seconds (2.30), and they make two thirty (2:30) or less, he would win. If he bets they will beat two minutes and thirty seconds (2.30), and they make exactly two thirty (2.30), he loses; but if he takes two minutes and thirty seconds (2.30) against the field, and they make exactly two thirty (2.30), it is a tie or draw bet. All time bets to be decided accordingly.

No. 11. In a double event—where there is no action on the first race in order, in consequence of forfeit or other cause, the bet is off; but where there is an action on the bet, and the party betting on the double event

shall have won the first, the bet shall then stand as a play or pay bet for the second event.

No. 12. If a bet should be made during the contest of a heat that a named horse will win that heat, and he makes a dead heat, the bet is drawn, but if, after the horses have passed the score, a party bets that a certain named horse has won the heat, and the Judges declare it a dead heat, the backer of the named horse loses.

No. 13. In races between two or more horses, of a single dash at any distance, which result in a dead heat, it is a draw between the horses making the dead heat, and bets between them are off; and if it is sweepstakes, the money of the beaten horse is to be divided between the horses making the dead heat.

No. 14. When a bettor undertakes to place the horses in a race, he must give a specified place, as first, second, third, and so on. The word "last" shall not be construed to mean "fourth and distanced," if

four start, but "fourth" only, and so on. A distanced horse must be placed "distanced."

No. 15. Horses shall be placed in a race and bets decided as they are placed in the official record of the day; provided, that where a horse comes in first and it is afterward found that he was disqualified for fraud, the bets on him shall be null and void, but pool-sellers and stakeholders shall not be held responsible for moneys paid by them under the decision of the judges of the race. [See article 13 of By-Laws.]

No. 16. Bets made during a heat are not determined until the conclusion of the race, if the heat is not mentioned at the time.

No. 17. Either of the bettors may demand stakes to be made, and, on refusal, declare the bet to be void.

No. 18. Outside bets cannot be declared off on the course, unless that place was named for staking the money, and then it must be done by filing such declaration in

writing with the Judges, who shall read it from the stand before the race commences.

No. 19. Bets agreed to be paid or received, or bets agreed to be made or put up elsewhere than at the place of the race, or any other specified place, cannot be declared off on the course.

No. 20. Bets on horses disqualified and not allowed to start are void, unless the bets are play or pay.

No. 21. A bet cannot be transferred without the consent of parties to it, except in pools.

No. 22. When a bet is made on a horse's time, it shall be decided by the time made in a public race, he going single and carrying his proper weight.

No. 23. When a horse makes time on a short track it shall not constitute a record for the decision of bets.

No. 24. Horses that are distanced or drawn at the conclusion of a heat, are beaten in the race by those that start afterward.

A horse that is distanced in a heat is beaten by one drawn at the termination of the same heat.

No. 25. When a man lays odds and intends to take the field against a single horse, he must say so, and the other party will choose his horse. When a man undertakes to name the winner, whether he bets odds or takes odds, he must name some one horse.

No. 26. All bets relative to the purse, stake, or match, if nothing to the contrary is specified at the time of making the bet.

No. 27. Parties wishing all the horses to start for a bet, must so name it at the time the bet is made.

No. 28. When the Judges declare a heat null and void, all bets on that heat shall stand for decision on the next heat.

No. 29. All pools and bets shall be governed and decided by these rules, unless a stipulation to the contrary shall be agreed upon by the parties betting.

No. 30. Should any contingencies occur not provided for by these rules, the judges of the day shall decide them.

No. 31. When a horse which has not been sold in the pools wins the race, the best horse sold in the pools wins the money.

A true copy from record.

ROBERT YOUNG,

Secretary-Treasurer.

Frank

Wm

Heat 1813 for the hours

